

# Indian Textile Machinery Sector: Emerging Opportunities

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#### Global Textile Machinery Shipments 2024

Global Textile Machinery Shipments in 2024: Mixed performance across categories; some segments saw growth while others declined.

- Spinning Machinery:
  - Short-staple spindles shipments decreased by -40% to 5.92 million units; Asia & Oceania received 90% of shipments despite a -36% drop.
  - Open-end rotors shipments fell by -39% to 623,000 units; Asia & Oceania received 89% of shipments, with Vietnam (+214%) and Bangladesh (+44%) showing growth.
  - Long-staple spindles shipments increased by +62% to 600,000 units; Iran (40%), China (30%), and Vietnam (13%) were key destinations.
- Texturing Machinery:
  - Single heater draw-texturing spindles shipments rose by +95% to 84,000 units; Asia & Oceania dominated with 98.5% of shipments.
  - Double heater draw-texturing spindles shipments grew by +80% to 960,000 units; China accounted for 95% of global shipments.

#### Global Textile Machinery Shipments 2024

- Circular & Flat Knitting Machinery:
  - Large circular knitting machines shipments decreased by -15% to 28,000 units; China received 45% of shipments despite a -42% drop.
  - Electronic flat knitting machines shipments increased by +16% to 135,000 units; Asia & Oceania received 96% of shipments, with China accounting for 82%.
- Weaving Machinery:
  - Shuttle-less looms shipments increased by +32% to 226,000 units; Asia & Oceania received 97% of deliveries, with China leading growth across all loom categories.
- Finishing Machinery:
  - Fabrics continuous segment: Stenters shipments increased by +22% to 2,230 units; mixed results for other machines.
  - Fabrics discontinuous segment: Jigger/beam dyeing shipments dropped by -44%; air jet dyeing (+18%) and overflow dyeing (+5%) showed growth.

(source: ITMF Annual Report on machinery shipments)

#### Indian Textile Engineering Industry (TEI) Overview

- Important ancillary sector Strong linkages with growth in the T&C sector
- Omnipresent in all industry segments- Fibre to garment producing machinery
- About 1,000 units, with about 300 producing complete machines and the rest focusing on components. More than 3 lakh people are employed. About 80% capacity is in the SME sector
- Meets 36% of domestic demand with Rs. 8500 crore supply. Rs. 4500 crore exports. About 80% capacity utilisation
- Major Indian demand for textile machinery is still met through imports
- Largely self-sufficient in the Spinning Segment, with technologies comparable to the global suppliers
- Key challenges: high-end technology adoption, access to finance for SMEs, and the need for more robust R&D to meet global standards
- India is the 4<sup>th</sup> largest importer of textile machinery globally, but local production meets only a
  portion of the demand, indicating growth potential.
- Played a vital role in the modernisation of the Indian Textile Industry over the last few decades

#### Textile Machinery Market: Demand & Supply Dynamics

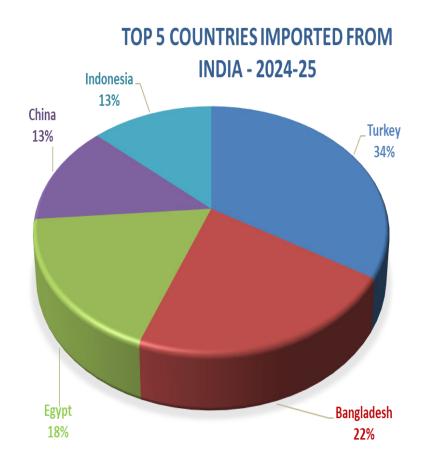
- Total Annual requirement of textile machinery: Approx. Rs. 23,500 crore (Avg. of last 2 years)
- Domestic supply of the machinery (36%): Approx. Rs. 8500 crore (Avg. of last 2 years)
- Imported machinery supply (64%): Approx. Rs. 15,000 crore (Avg. of last 2 years)
- Importing countries: China (66% share of imports), Germany, Italy, Switzerland, Austria, Japan, Korea, Taiwan, Turkey
- Domestic manufacturers dominate the Spinning Machinery segment: LMW, Truetzschler India, Saurer India, Kirloskar-Toyota, Rieter India
- Weaving Preparatory: Mostly the Indian companies dominate (Prashant Gamatex, Rabatex, Jupiter)
- Weaving Machinery: Nearly 100% imported from China, Europe, and Japan
- High-end processing machines are imported, while Stenters, Dry and Wet finishing are manufactured in India

# Indian Textile Engineering Industry's share in the domestic consumption (TMMA data\*)

#### % SHARE OF DOMESTIC DEMAND MET BY TEI



#### **Textile Machinery Exports (2024-25)**

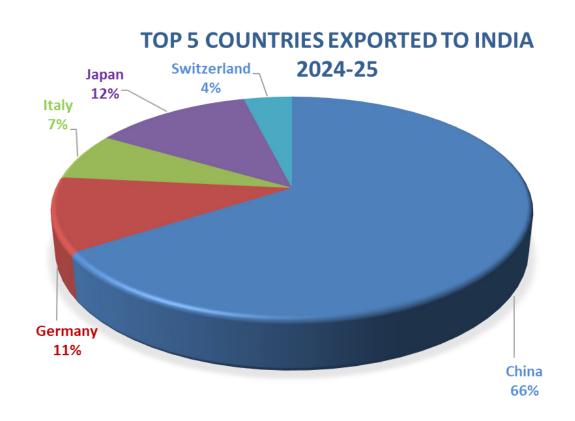


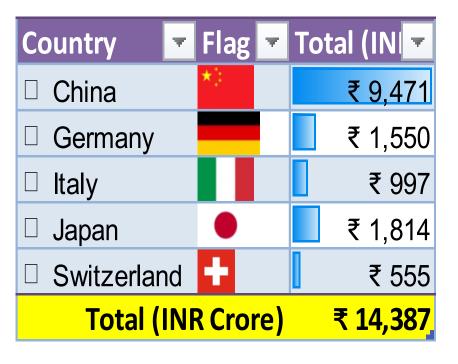


51% of the total Exports go to 5 countries

(source: TMMA Report)

#### **Textile Machinery Imports (2024-25)**





87% of the total Imports from 5 countries.

China has the major share in Imports (66%)

(Source: TMMA Report)<sup>8</sup>

### Successful Indian Companies, JVs, Collaborations & FDIs (TMMA\*)

S N	CATEGORY	100% Indian Companies	Joint Ventures	Tech. Collaboration	100% FDIs
1	SPINNING & ALLIED MACHINES	LMW, LCC, Perfect Engineering, Peass, Reshmi, Sieger	Truetzschler , KTTM (Toyota Japan), LMW (Tokyo Seimitsu Japan)	Perfect Engineering Co. (Magitech Italy)	Saurer, Rieter, Savio, Muratec (Sales & Service)
2	SYNTHETIC FILAMENT YARN MACHINES	Aalidhra, Himson, Bhagat	Perfect Engineering Co. (Bonino Italy)		Oerlikon, TMT Machinery (Sales & Service)
3	WEAVING & ALLIED MACHINES	Weavetech, Laxmi, Premier, Lifebond, Maxis, Peass, Jupiter, Spectrum, Dynamic	Rabatex (Karl Mayer Germany), Prashant Group (Rostoni Italy)		Karl Mayer, Jakob Muller, ITEMA, Picanol, Tsudakoma (Sales & Services)
4	PROCESSING MACHINES	Dhall, Palod Himson, Yamuna, Harish, InspirOn, Colorjet Group, EMS	Menzel India (Karl Menzel Germany), Bianco India (Bianco Italy), Dhall-Reisky	Yamuna- Bejimac	Kusters, Benninger (Sales & Services)
5	MISC.(SPINNING,WEAVING & PROCESSING,JUTE) MACHINES	Batliboi, ATE, Yamuna, Key Textile Accessories, Spectrum, InspirOn	Perfect Engineering Co. (Bonino Italy), Perfect Engineering Co. (Magitech Italy)		Oerlikon (Sales & Service)
6	TEXTILE TESTING & MEASURING INSTRUMENTS	Premier Evolvics, Mag Solvics, Paramount Instruments			Uster (Sales & Service)
7	HOSIERY/GARMENTING MACHINES/NEEDLES	Reshmi, Knitvel Needles, Pinco	GA Morgan Dynamics (Morgan Technica-Italy), Precision Rubber (Yamato Japan)		Groz Beckert, Singer India, Juki India, Brother Yamato(Sales & Service <mark>)</mark>
8	SPARES & ACCESSORIES	Inspiron, LCC, ICC,Elgi Teraspin,	Groz-Beckert		Bonfiglioli, Gates Unitta

Indian Textile Engineering Industry (TEI) - TECHNOLOGICAL CAPABILITIES (TMMA Report\*)

Group I	Group II	Group III	
At Par with International Standard	Marginal Technological Gap Exists	Huge Technological Gap Exists	
Ginning, Spinning  (Standalone R&D by LMW, Aalidhra & Meera Industries underway)  Auto-winders/ Airjet Spinning/ Open End Developed (Being Tested)	Weaving  (HS Cam rapier loom developed & displayed at ITMA 2023 in Milan)  Airjet & waterjet made (Being Tested)	Spinning Rotor, Synthetic (POY/FDY) Spinning, Fancy Doublers to be developed (Possibility for a JV/FDI)	
Weaving Preparatory Globally competitive tech by Rabatex-Karl Mayer, Weavetech, Prashant, Meera	Embroidery Machinery (Indigenous Tech. Developed) Commercialization (Underway) JV for Multihead-Horizontal to be sought	Knitting/ Garmenting Machinery  FDI/ JVs for Garments, home furnishing, Warp Knitting, Flat & Hi dia. Circular Knitting (Sewing machinery production started by Juki & Singer India. Upcoming JVs for fabric cutting)	
Processing Machinery (World-class Stenters, Washing & Mercerizing, InspirOn, Yamuna, Kusters, Rotary Printing Machines by Stovec, Colorjet; Advanced R&D Underway)	Processing Machinery (Continuous processing range developed. Concept Paper for R&D and Tech. Acquisition underway), Sustainable & Circular Tech. (Search is On)	Processing Machinery  Machines for Synthetic Dyeing to be developed	
Testing Equipment (Standalone R&D by Premier & Magsolvics underway)	Knitting Machinery (Indigenous Tech. for HS Circular WEFT & Flat Knitting Developed) Commercialization to be done	Technical Textiles &  Non-Woven  Spunlace, Needle Punch, Special fibers, Braiding, Needle- punch, Multi-axial Looms, Net Knitting, etc. to be developed/ brought by FDI/ JVs based on market size	
Jute Machinery  (JV done with a Chinese company, DPR for Jute CEFC Submitted)	Parts, Components & Accessories (CEFC Surat Project ongoing)	needed	
Advance R&D Proposed	R&D Proposed/ Ongoing	Import, FDI/ JVs Proposed	

### The segments dependent on machinery imports: Total Rs. 15,000 crore opportunity

- **SPINNING:** Auto-Coners (100% imported from Europe and Japan)
- **WEAVING:** Air-jet looms, Rapier looms, and Waterjet looms (Imported from Europe, Japan and China. A large portion of Air-jet and low-speed Rapier looms are imported from China, while Waterjet looms are nearly 100% imported from China)
- KNITTING: Circular knitting machines, Flat Knitting machines, Warp Knitting machines (From Europe, Japan, China, Singapore, Taiwan. Dominated by China)
- EMBROIDERY: Schiffli (From Europe) and Multi-head Embroidery (Mostly from China)
- **PROCESSING:** Some high-end technology machines & Synthetic processing machines (mainly from Europe, China, Taiwan and Korea)
- **GARMENTING**: Stitching, Sewing, Special Effects, Finishing, (Japan and China, but mostly dominated by China)
- HOME TEXTILE MADE-UPS: Mostly imported from Europe, Japan and China
- SYNTHETIC MACHINERY: Fibres & Filament production, Recycling (Europe, Japan and China)
- TECHNICAL TEXTILES/NON-WOVENS: Nearly 80%+ imported from Europe and China

#### Major imported machinery suppliers

- Spinning Machines: Truetzschler, Rieter, Saurer, Marzoli, Electro-jet, Murata
- Weaving Machines: Picanol, Itema, Dornier, Tsudakoma, Toyota, RIFA, Qingdao
- Knitting Machines: Maier & Cie, Fukuhara, Fukuhama, Pai Lung, Orizio, Santoni, Karl Mayer, Shima Seiki, Wellknit, Fujian & other Chinese manufacturers
- Embroidery Machines: Laser, Saurer, ZSK, Tajima, Barudan & many Chinese manufacturers
- **Processing machines**: Fong's, Brazzoli, Unitech, Ilsung, Ehwa, Monforts, Bruckner, Thies, Osthoff, Zimmer, Stork, ColorService, Ferraro, Corino
- **Garmenting**: Juki, Brother, Jack, Typical, Zoje, Reachpeace, Pfaff, Tonello, VIET, Durkopp Adler
- Home Textile: Texpa, Schmale, Magetron, Vandewiele
- Synthetic Machinery: Oerlikon, Barmag, Vandewiele, TMT, Qingdao, Changzhou

# Emerging Manufacturing Opportunity of Import Substitution: Rs. 15,000 crore gap

- High Speed Waterjet Looms (15,000 per year)
- High-speed & Semi-high speed Air-jet Looms (10,000 per year)
- High speed & Semi-high speed Rapier Looms (5,000 per year)
- Auto-coners- Automatic Cone-Winding (500 per year)
- Circular Knitting machines (2,500 per year)
- Multi-head Embroidery machines (2,500 per year)
- Garmenting machinery (2 lakh machines per year)

#### Key Growth Drivers

- Growth of the textile industry (USD 350 billion market size target for 2030)
- Strong domestic machinery demand (Rs. 23,500 crore annually)
- Huge import substitution need (Rs. 15,000 crore annually)
- Favourable government policies for the user industry (PLI, PM Mitra, Capital subsidy, State government schemes)
- Huge modernisation backlog in Weaving and Processing
- Advent of application of Digitalisation & Automation
- Growth in the technical textile segment
- Fast adoption of new technologies and process innovations
- Huge Export potential
- India's strategic positioning vis-à-vis European and Chinese manufacturers
- Technical collaborations and joint ventures for technology transfer

#### Favourable factors for local manufacturing

- Competitive manufacturing Eco-system: Skilled manpower, Engineering skills and availability of raw materials
- Local foundries and component manufacturing industry
- Engineering skill-set & Manufacturing competitiveness
- Strong domestic demand
- Scope for developing an Engineering Ecosystem (cluster) like Coimbatore and Ahmedabad through dedicated Textile Machinery Parks
- Opportunity for India to become a global hub for textile machinery and components manufacturing
- India is becoming an attractive manufacturing destination due to increasing manufacturing costs in Europe and the appreciating Euro, making machinery imports expensive
- India is very well positioned between Europe and China to offer contemporary technology at an economical price

### Key Challenges

- Lack of domestic innovation and R&D
- High production cost due to smaller scales
- High cost of imports of components for machine building
- Fragmented supply chains
- Technology gap against global machinery in some segments
- Dominance of imported machinery in some segments
- Competition from second-hand machinery
- Ease of machinery import through various policies
- Fluctuating fortunes of the user industry
- Lack of incentives for investment in capacity building
- Falling under the Heavy Industries ministry and not under the Textile ministry

#### Recommendations

- Give the status of priority industry, as the growth of the textile sector depends on the textile machinery industry
- Promotion of Textile Machinery and components manufacturing dedicated park with a common facility centre
- Better coordination between the Heavy Industries Ministry and the Textile Ministry, as the fortunes of both industries are intertwined
- Incentives/Tax breaks for local innovation and R&D initiatives
- Scheme to encourage investments in the manufacturing of import-substituting machinery and accessories
- Policy to attract European machinery manufacturers to manufacture in India under collaboration or JVs
- Attract Chinese manufacturers to invest in manufacturing machines in India, since 66% of imports are from China



### Thank You